ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION 83

STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION TO PROPOSITION 83

Proposition 83 would cost taxpayers an estimated \$500 million but would not increase our children's safety. Instead, by diluting law enforcement resources, the initiative would actually reduce most children's security while increasing the danger for those most at risk.

- -- First, the initiative proposes to "monitor" every registered sex offender, on the misguided theory that each is likely to re-offend against "strangers". But law enforcement experience shows that when sex registrants re-offend, their targets are usually members of their own household. This Proposition would do nothing to sefeguard children in their own homes, even though they are most at risk.
- -- Second, the Proposition would not focus on the real problem dangerous sex offenders -- but would instead waste limited resources tracking persons who pose no risk. The new law would create an expensive tracking system for thousands of registrants who were convicted of minor, non-violent offenses, perhaps years or decades ago. Law enforcement's resources should be directed toward high risk individuals living in our neighborhoods.

Proposition 83 would have other dangerous, unintended consequences. The Proposition's monitoring provisions would be least effective against those posing the greatest danger. Obviously, dangerous offenders would be the least likely to comply, so the proposed law would push the more serious offenders underground, where they would be *less effectively monitored by police*. In addition, by prohibiting sex offenders from living within 2,000 feet of a park or school, the initiative would force many offenders from urban to rural areas with smaller police forces. A high concentration of sex offenders in rural neighborhoods will not serve public safety.

Prosecutors in the State of lowa know from sad experience that this type of residency restriction does not work. In 2001, lowa adopted a similar law, but the association of county prosecutors that once advocated for that law now say that it "does not provide the protection that was originally intended and that the cost of enforcing the requirement and unintended effects on families of offenders warrant replacing the restriction with more effective protective measures." (February 14, 2006, "Statement on Sex Offender Residency Restrictions in lowa, " lowa County Attorneys Association). (To see the full Statement, go to: www.iowa-icaa.com/index.htm or www.cacj.org.).

A summary of the Iowa prosecutors' findings shows why the Iowa Iaw was a disaster and why Proposition 83 must be rejected:

 Residency restrictions do not reduce sex offenses against children or improve children's safety. ARGUMENT AGAINST PROPOSITION 83

- ✓ Residency restrictions will not be effective against 80 to 90 % of sex crimes against children, because those crimes are committed by a relative or acquaintance of the child.
- Residency restrictions cause sex registrants to disappear from the registration system, harming the interest of public safety.
- ✓ Enforcing the residency restrictions is expensive and ineffective.
- ✓ The law also caused unwarranted disruption to the innocent families of exoffenders.

For all of these reasons, vote "No" on Proposition 83!

President, California Attorneys for Criminal Justice